

*Interagency Council on Intermediate Sanctions*



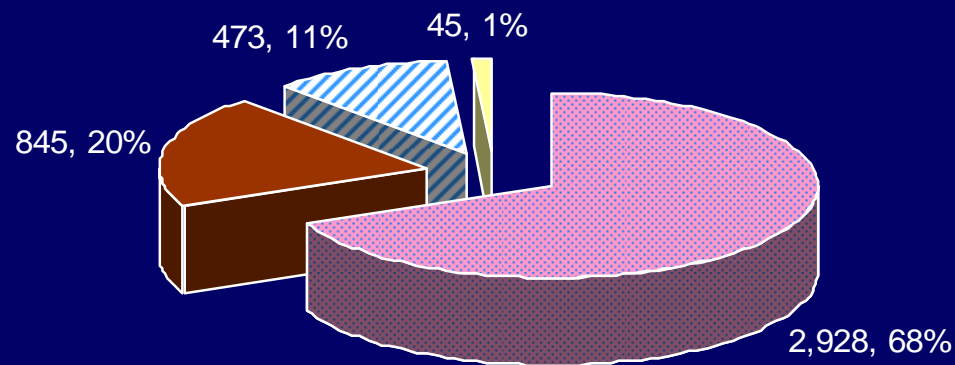
HAWAII STATE  
DEPARTMENT  
OF HEALTH

**POLICY COMMITTEE**  
**Interagency Council on Intermediate Sanctions,**  
**Statistical Briefing for**  
**Fiscal Years 2004 through 2006**

Prepared by  
Timothy Wong and  
John Hisashima

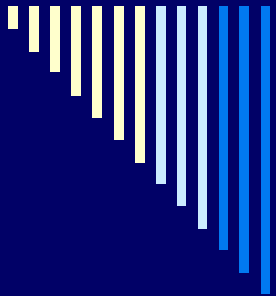
April 27, 2007

## Service Center Conducting Initial LSI-R Assessment Fiscal Year 2006

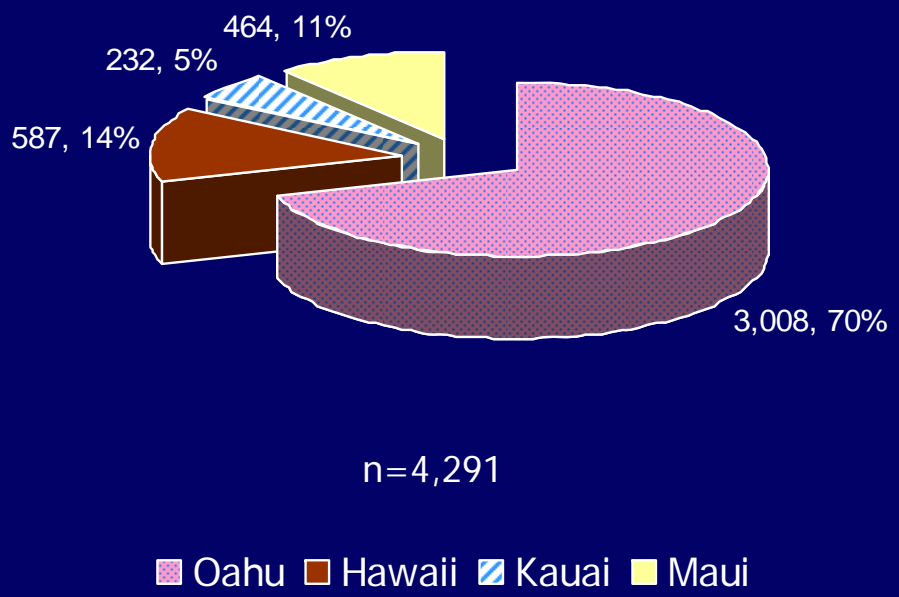


n=4,291

■ Probation ■ Jail/Prison ■ Parole ■ Intake Services

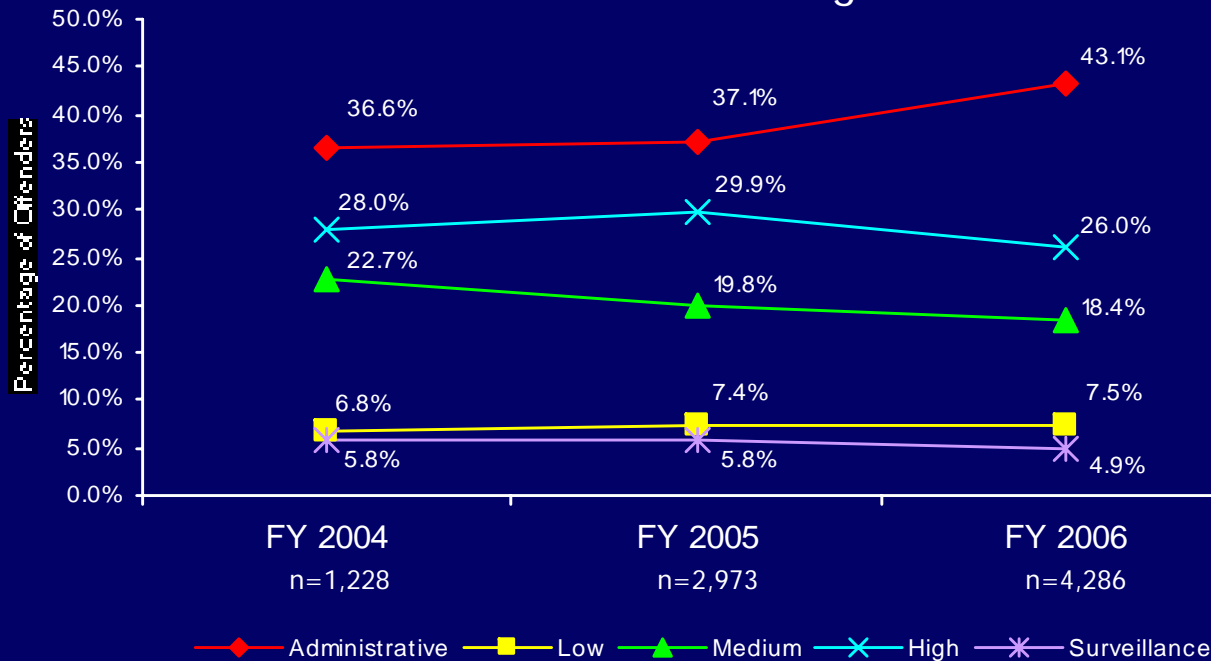


# LSI-R Initial Assessment by Jurisdiction Fiscal Year 2006



## Initial LSI-R Assessments by Risk Classification

Fiscal Years 2004 through 2006

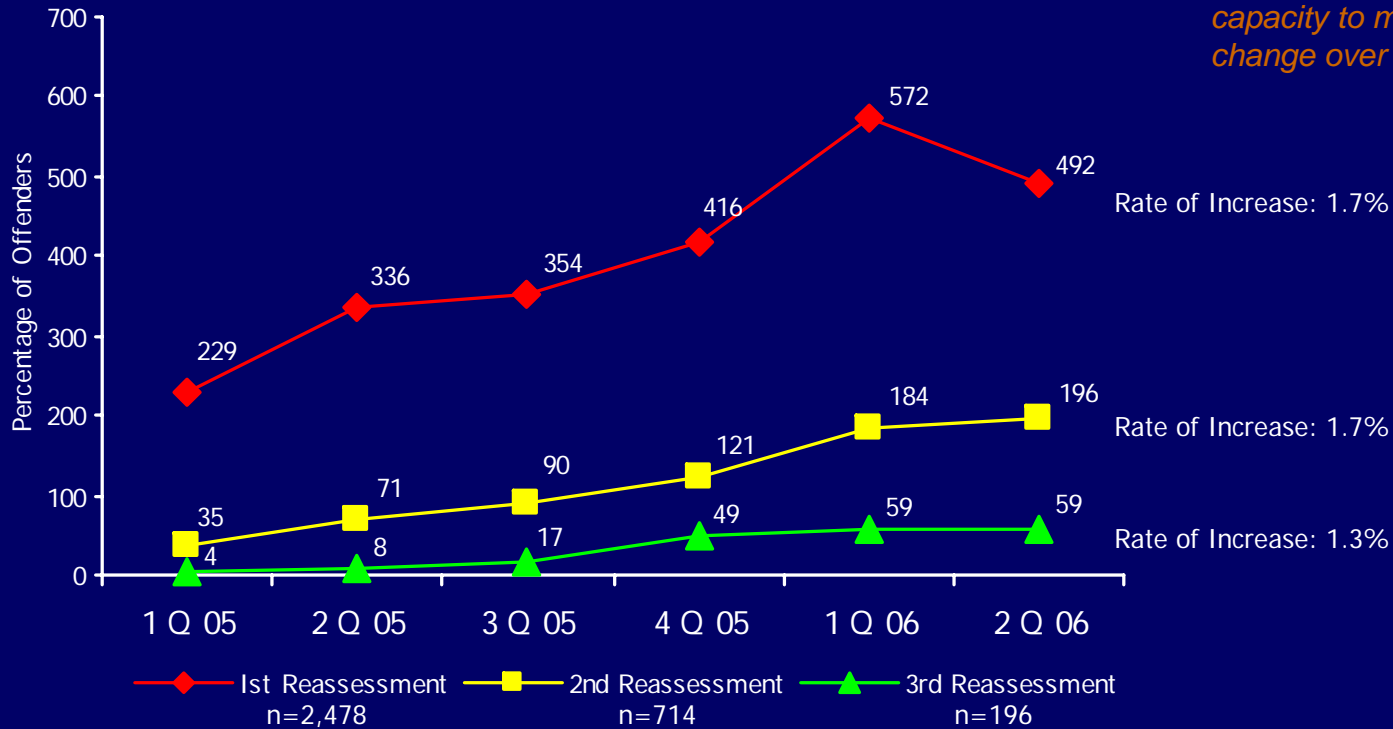


**Trend:** Between the respective years of 2004 and 2006, the percentage of Administrative and Low-Risk Offenders with initial LSI-Rs has increased from 43.4% to 50.6%, while the percentage of Surveillance and High-Risk Offenders had decreased from 33.8% to 30.9%.

**Implication:** The divergence between high-risk and low-risk offenders reveals a larger proportion of incoming offenders with lower criminogenic risk patterns, and conversely, a smaller proportion of offenders with higher risk patterns.

Interagency Council on Intermediate Sanctions  
Policy Committee Briefing

## LSI-R Reassessments by Quarterly Year Cohort Groups

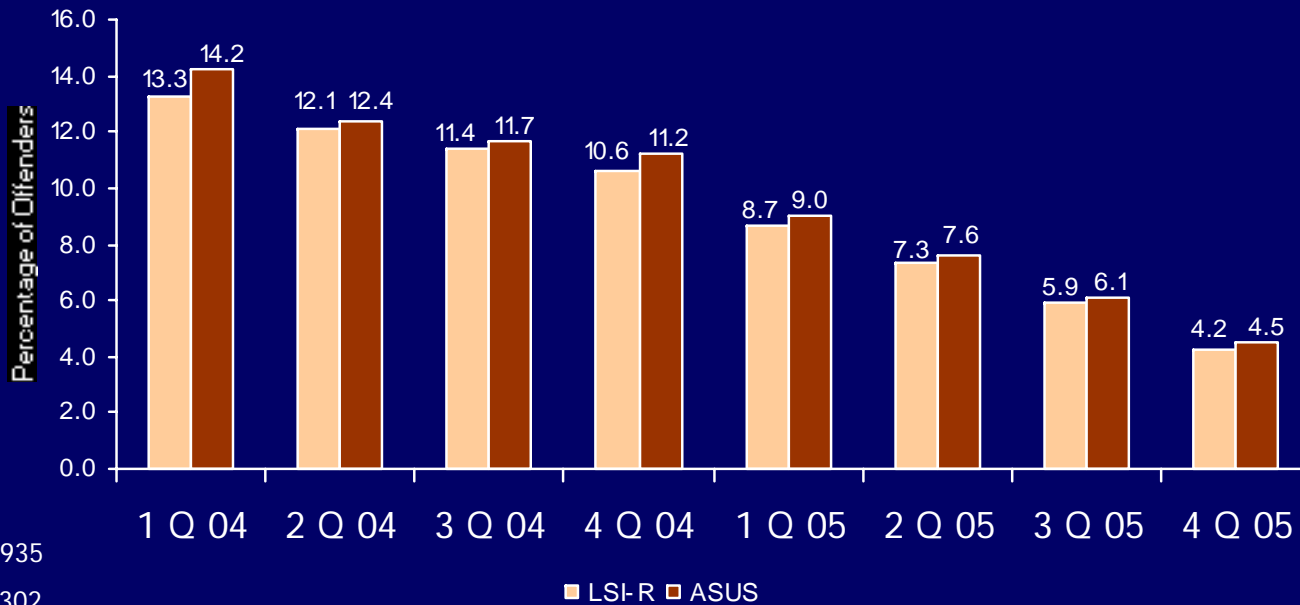


**Trend:** Probation and Parole Officers are reassessing their offenders at an increasing rate, with the exception of the 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter of 2006.

**Implication:** The increasing number of LSI-R reassessments administered reflects a greater capacity to monitor offender risk change over time.

Interagency Council on Intermediate Sanctions  
Policy Committee Briefing

## Average Time in Months Between LSI-R and ASUS Assessments by Quarterly Year Cohort Groups



**Trend:** There is a steady decline in the average time between LSI-R and ASUS assessments.

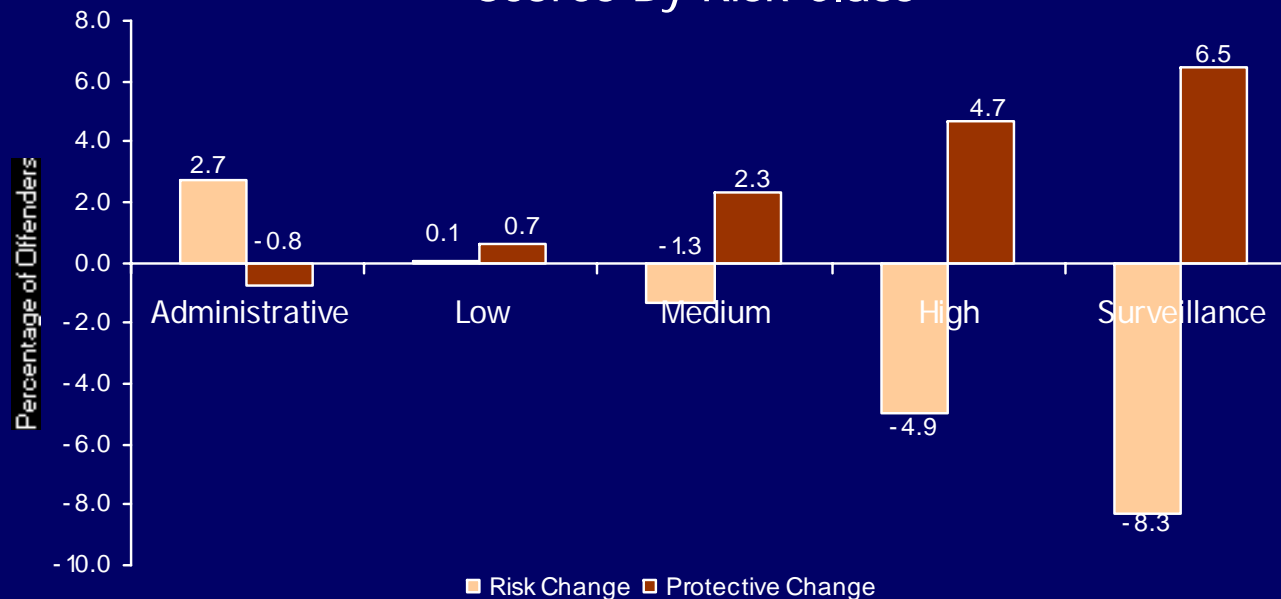
**Implication:** Shorter monthly intervals between LSI-R and ASUS assessments may enhance the officers' risk-monitoring and case management efforts.

## Interagency Council on Intermediate Sanctions Policy Committee Briefing

**Trend:** As LSI-R risk levels increase, there is a significant negative change in risk scores and a significant positive change in protective scores.

**Implication:** The above trend implies greater service-matching and case-management efforts with higher-risk offenders.

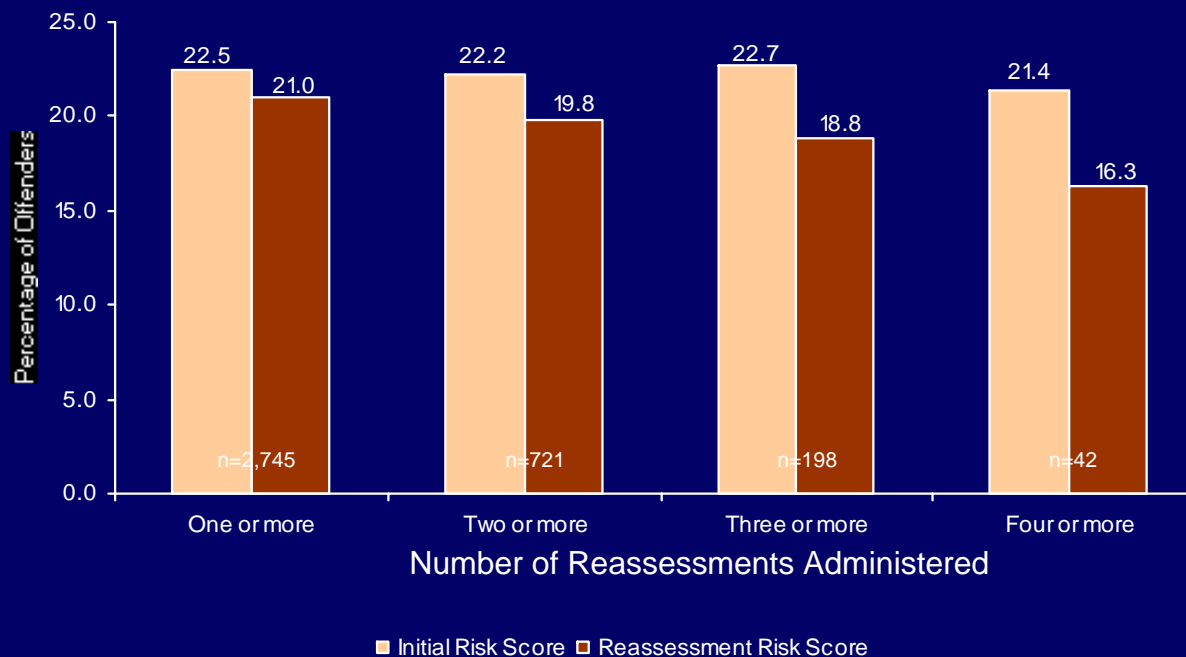
### Average Change in LSI-R Risk and Protective Scores By Risk Class



n=2,409; p<.001

## Interagency Council on Intermediate Sanctions Policy Committee Briefing

### Average Change in LSI-R Risk Scores By the Number of Repeat Reassessments Administered



**Trend:** There is a significant decline in LSI-R risk scores as the number of multiple reassessments increase. This represents a significant reduction in criminogenic risk.

**Implication:** Offenders that receive multiple reassessments implies increased case management and offender monitoring efforts.